**GOVERNMENT** 

OF

THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

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BOARD OF ELECTIONS

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SPECIAL BOARD MEETING

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MONDAY

DECEMBER 12, 2022

+ + + + +

The District of Columbia Board of Elections convened via Videoconference, pursuant to notice at 9:43 a.m. EST, Gary Thompson, Chair, presiding.

BOARD OF ELECTIONS MEMBERS PRESENT:

GARY THOMPSON, Chair MIKE GILL, Member KARYN GREENFIELD, Member

BOARD OF ELECTIONS STAFF PRESENT:

MONICA HOLMAN EVANS, Director

TERRI STROUD, General Counsel

WILLIAM SANFORD, General Counsel

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## P-R-O-C-E-E-D-I-N-G-S

9:43 a.m.

CHAIR THOMPSON: Good morning, everybody. Thank you for attending. This is a Special Meeting of the Board of Elections.

My name is Gary Thompson. I'm the
Chair of the Board, and present here today are
Board Members Karyn Greenfield and Michael Gill.
It's actually the first time we've all been
together I think in person this year, in light of
the pandemic, but it's great to all be together
here in the Board Room, along with General
Counsel Terri Stroud and Executive Director
Monica Holman Evans.

So, obviously, we have a quorum and can proceed. Our agenda has been distributed and made public. We've all had a chance to review it. There's only two issues on the agenda, breaking some ties in ANC races, and then the matter of Elissa for D.C.

So, at the time, I'll move we adopt the agenda. Second?

1	MEMBER GILL: Second.
2	CHAIR THOMPSON: All in favor?
3	(Chorus of ayes.)
4	CHAIR THOMPSON: All right. Okay. So
5	the first item on our agenda is to resolve some
6	tie votes in two Advisory Neighborhood
7	Commissioner races. We had some write-ins in two
8	single-member districts, SMD 3E07 and SMD 6E02,
9	and those write-ins were ties.
10	And so our regulations direct us to
11	flip a coin when that happens. So I think I'll
12	turn it over to Director Evans maybe to comment
13	on this?
14	MS. HOLMAN EVANS: Absolutely. Good
15	morning, everyone. Thank you, Mr. Chair.
16	As you mentioned, in the case of a tie
17	vote, the resolution of which will affect the
18	outcome of any election, the candidates receiving
19	the tie vote shall cast lots before the Board.
20	This date shall be set no sooner than
21	two days following determination by the Board of
22	the results of the election which resulted in a

tie. The candidate to whom the lot shall fall shall be declared the winner.

If the candidate or candidates fail to appear, the Board shall cast lots for the candidate or candidates. For purposes of casting lots, any candidate may appear in person or by proxy appointed in writing. And all candidates were contacted and agree to the earlier time.

Statutorily, it's listed as 12:00 noon, but they did agree to this time this morning.

We had tie votes in two ANC contests, Single-Member District 3E07 and Single-Member District 6E02. And we will cast lots by flipping a coin.

And so, first, I will call for the casting lots for the SMD 3E07 contest, Diego Carney versus Michael Rogers. And are those candidates on the line?

CHAIR THOMPSON: Bear with us while we find -- amidst a lot of attendees by Zoom -- Diego Carney and Michael Rogers.

MS. STROUD: Good morning, everyone.

1	It's Michael.
2	MS. HOLMAN EVANS: Yes, I'm sorry.
3	Micah.
4	MS. STROUD: M-I-C-A-H, Micah Rogers.
5	CHAIR THOMPSON: And as you're each
6	unmuted, if you can please identify yourself by
7	audio, so we know you're there.
8	MR. ROGERS: Hi. Micah Rogers. I'm
9	here. Is that is that coming through? Am I
10	coming through to you guys?
11	MS. HOLMAN EVANS: If we have Diego
12	Carney or Micah Rogers on the line, are you able
13	to raise your hand?
14	MR. ROGERS: Yeah. I'm here. I don't
15	think I you guys can hear me for some reason.
16	CHAIR THOMPSON: All right. We see
17	Micah Rogers, who has raised his hand. We know
18	he's present. And we're just looking for Diego
19	Carney.
20	MS. STROUD: He's present. He said he
21	was present.
22	(Audio interference.)

CHAIR THOMPSON: There we are. We have Diego Carney. Okay. Both candidates are present and witnessing the casting of lots.

We're not sure what that means, but we think it means flip a coin, some sort of ancient phrase, casting of lots.

you know, what kind of coin to grab, but I -then it occurred to me the appropriate coin is a
Susan B. Anthony dollar. So Susan B. Anthony, of
course, being a pioneer in the voting rights
movement for women and an abolitionist in the
late 1800s, lived to a ripe old age of 86. Did
not live long enough to see the 19th Amendment
pass, but was quite pivotal in that -- in that
pursuit.

So I'm going to do this in alphabetical order. Heads is Diego Carney and tails is Micah Rogers. Heads being Susan B.

Anthony and tails being the eagle on the back.

So if it's heads, Diego Carney

1	Before I flip the coin, I want to
2	thank you both for doing this.
3	So without further ado plug that.
4	hold on. All right. It is
5	MS. STROUD: Heads.
6	CHAIR THOMPSON: It's heads. Diego
7	Carney has been elected to ANC 3E07.
8	MS. HOLMAN EVANS: Thank you, Mr.
9	Chair.
10	Next I will call for the casting of
11	lots for the SMD 6E02 contest, Charles Panfil
12	versus George Viedma. Can we find those
13	candidates?
14	MR. VIEDMA: I'm here. Thank you.
15	MS. HOLMAN EVANS: And if you have the
16	ability to raise your hand
17	MR. VIEDMA: I'm here.
18	MS. HOLMAN EVANS: that would be
19	helpful.
20	CHAIR THOMPSON: Yep. We've got them
21	both. Okay.
22	So we can see that both candidates are

1	present, Charles Panfil and George Viedma.
2	So we'll do this the same way, in
3	alphabetical order. Heads is Charles Panfil and
4	tails is George Viedma.
5	MS. STROUD: Tails.
6	CHAIR THOMPSON: It's tails.
7	MEMBER GILL: 50/50.
8	CHAIR THOMPSON: George Viedma, you
9	are elected to ANC 6E02.
10	MEMBER GILL: Just goes to show every
11	vote counts.
12	CHAIR THOMPSON: Every vote counts,
13	right. Every vote counts.
14	MEMBER GILL: Somewhere out there in
15	those ANCs there is somebody who just didn't mail
16	their ballot back.
17	CHAIR THOMPSON: Okay. Anything else
18	on this issue before we proceed? All right.
19	MS. STROUD: Mr. Chair, just that your
20	results will be certified.
21	CHAIR THOMPSON: Okay.
22	MS. STROUD: Having decided the

1	outcome pursuant to the casting of lots, the
2	updated results will be certified and codified as
3	indicating the results of the outcome of these
4	two contests.
5	CHAIR THOMPSON: Okay. With that,
6	we'll turn to the matter of Elissa for D.C.
7	versus D.C. Office of Campaign Finance, which is
8	an appeal to our Board from the Office of
9	Campaign Finance Order dated October 27th, 2022.
LO	And I can see that Counsel and
L1	Councilmember Silverman are stepping forward.
L <b>2</b>	Counsel, take need some time to set up? Okay.
L3	(Pause.)
L <b>4</b>	CHAIR THOMPSON: All right. If
L5	counsel could please identify themselves for the
L6	record? Mr. Sanford?
L <b>7</b>	MR. SANFORD: Good morning, Mr.
L8	Chairman, distinguished Board members. My name
L9	is William Sanford, General Counsel for the
20	Office of Campaign Finance.
21	CHAIR THOMPSON: All right.
22	MR. DOWNS: Good morning. Jason Downs

for the Petitioners (audio interference).

CHAIR THOMPSON: All right.

MR. DOWNS: Thank you. Good morning.

Jason Downs for the Petitioners and, and Elissa

Silverman is present before the Board. Thank

you.

CHAIR THOMPSON: All right. I want to thank you all for being here in person. We really appreciate it. It will make communication a lot easier. And, fortunately, everybody on Zoom can hear us well.

So, as a reminder to everybody, it was on Friday, November 4th, that our Board heard Elissa for D.C.'s arguments that their procedural due process rights were violated, and that a vacatur and remand were required at that time.

We respectfully declined those due process arguments, although noting that those arguments are preserved of course for appellate purposes. And at the time, we expressly stated that we were not reaching the merits of the issues, whether Elissa for D.C. had in fact

committed any violations of the campaign finance laws, namely 3 DCMR Section 3013.1 or Section 4209.6. And that is why we are here today.

So let me start by explaining our process for today. This is a contested case hearing. It is governed procedurally by Chapter 4 of our regulations, which are found at 3 DCMR 400.

Section 423.9 specifically lays out that the order of procedure for the hearing involves the following discrete steps, which are pretty straightforward: a) a call to order and an opening statement by the Chair, which is what I am doing presently; b) a statement by the Board staff, which General Counsel Terri Stroud will make momentarily; c) consideration of any pending motions or procedural matters; d) the OCF's case; e) Elissa for D.C.'s case; f) any intervenor -- and we don't have any intervenors; and then g) a rebuttal by the OCF, if any.

And we'll also allow for opening statements and closing statements, as counsel may

prefer. You're free to dispense with opening statements if you'd like and save it all for closing. For opening statements, at your suggestion, something in the neighborhood of five to 10 minutes.

So we will follow general rules of procedure and evidence with leeway to waive or relax such rules, which our regulations are very clear about.

Under Rule 419, the Chair regulates
the course of the hearing, sets reasonable time
limits, and rules upon any motions or issues
regarding witnesses or evidence. When it is
their turn, each side may enter evidence into the
record, including, if they wish, through live
witnesses. And if that happens, the other side
is entitled to cross-examination. Witnesses can
also be examined by Board members.

Our three-member Board reviews the OCF order on a "de novo basis," which means that our standard of review is new. It's on a blank slate without any presumptions or deference to any

findings below.

The OCF will have to rebuild its case on the record today. In that regard, the OCF has the burden of proof as stated in Section 424, and Section 423.5 specifically says that the OCF has the "burden of proving a violation with reliable, probative, and substantial evidence."

Section 423.8 also has that there shall be substantial evidence adequate to support pertinent and necessary findings of fact.

This is not the same kind of burden, obviously, as beyond a reasonable doubt or overwhelming or compelling, but the evidence must still be substantial.

And the last point I would like to note in the Chair's opening statement is that the original complaint, which was filed on August 23rd by Candidate Karim Marshall, alleged that the Elissa for D.C. campaign "engaged in unauthorized coordination between campaign committees, in violation of District law, and made an unauthorized in-kind contribution through

the use of a telephonic push poll to attempt to influence the composition and result of a Ward 3 primary election, in violation of D.C. Code 1 1163.32F(d)(5)."

And to make this easier, let's call that the coordination allegation.

In that regard, the OCF found that there was insufficient evidence of such a coordination violation, and that specific finding is not challenged in today's hearing. We take, as a given, that there was no coordination violation.

What is challenged in today's hearing is OCF's separate determination that Elissa for D.C. violated 3 DCMR Sections 3013.1 and 4209.6, which I will short reference as the purpose violations.

3013.1 provides that "Campaign funds shall be used solely for the purpose of financing, directly or indirectly, the election campaign of a candidate."

Section 4209.6 similarly says that FEP

funds "may not be used for an expenditure for any purpose other than the furtherance of the participating candidate's nomination in the election."

So that is the ultimate question here today. Did the early June 2022 polling conducted by Elissa for D.C. on the Ward 3 race serve a purpose, directly or indirectly, for her own campaign for the at-large seat up for vote on November 8th, 2022?

Before turning to General Counsel

Stroud, I would ask my fellow Board members if
they have any opening remarks. Ms. Greenfield?

No. Mr. Gill?

MEMBER GILL: No.

CHAIR THOMPSON: All right. So with that, we'll turn to the next step in the procedure. General Counsel Stroud?

MS. STROUD: Good morning, everyone.

So I -- my office held a prehearing conference on

December 8th, and at which time we went over the

process and procedures that the hearing would

follow today.

Prior to the conference on December 6th, I provided the parties with a list of the items that comprise the record as of the date of the prehearing conference, and the parties agreed as to the contents that I indicated. And so I'm just going to read into the record a list of the items that comprise the record.

The first item is the investigative request filed by Karim Marshall on August 23rd of 2022.

(Whereupon, the above-referred to document was marked as Board's Exhibit No. 1 for identification.)

MS. STROUD: The second is an email from the Office of Campaign Finance General Counsel William Sanford to Councilmember Elissa Silverman and Robert Price informing them of the investigative request. And that was sent on August 26th.

(Whereupon, the above-referred to document was marked as Board's Exhibit No. 2 for

1	identification.)
2	MS. STROUD: The next item, Item
3	Number 3, is an email from Councilmember
4	Silverman to General Counsel Sanford
5	acknowledging receipt of the investigative
6	request and asking questions regarding the type
7	of investigation. That email was sent on August
8	29th of 2022.
9	(Whereupon, the above-referred to document was
10	marked as Board's Exhibit No. 3 for
11	identification.)
12	MS. STROUD: The next was an email
13	from Item Number 4, an email from General
14	Counsel Sanford to Councilmember Silverman
15	responding to the questions. That was sent on
16	August 29th, 2022.
17	(Whereupon, the above-referred to document was
18	marked as Board's Exhibit No. 4 for
19	identification.)
20	MS. STROUD: Item Number 5 was the
21	Petitioner's answers to the questions sent on
22	

1	Counsel Sanford, and it consists and it was
2	accompanied by eight attachments. That those
3	answered were filed with OCF on October 7th of
4	2022.
5	(Whereupon, the above-referred to document was
6	marked as Board's Exhibit No. 5 for
7	identification.)
8	MS. STROUD: The next item is the
9	Office of Campaign Finance's order in the matter,
LO	OCF 2022 full investigation 006. That was issued
L1	on October 27th of 2022.
L2	(Whereupon, the above-referred to document was
L3	marked as Board's Exhibit No. 6 for
L <b>4</b>	identification.)
L5	MS. STROUD: Item Number 7 is a
L6	request for a hearing de novo that was
L7	accompanied by five exhibits. That was filed
L8	with the Board on November 2nd, 2022.
L9	(Whereupon, the above-referred to document was
20	marked as Board's Exhibit No. 7 for
21	identification.)
22	MS. STROUD: The next item, Item

1	Number 8, was an email from me, General Counsel
2	Stroud, providing notice of the due process
3	hearing related due process-related hearing in
4	this matter. That was sent on November 2nd,
5	2022.
6	(Whereupon, the above-referred to document was
7	marked as Board's Exhibit No. 8 for
8	identification.)
9	MS. STROUD: Number 9 is the Office of
10	Campaign Finance's opposition to the hearing de
11	novo, with attachments, submitted on November 4th
12	of 2022.
13	(Whereupon, the above-referred to document was
14	marked as Board's Exhibit No. 9 for
15	identification.)
16	MS. STROUD: The next item is the
17	hearing transcript from the due process hearing
18	that took place on November 4th, 2022.
19	(Whereupon, the above-referred to document was
20	marked as Board's Exhibit No. 10 for
21	identification.)
22	MS. STROUD: Item Number 11 is the

1	Petitioner's brief in support of their request
2	for a hearing de novo, which was filed on
3	November 14th, 2022.
4	(Whereupon, the above-referred to document was
5	marked as Board's Exhibit No. 11 for
6	identification.)
7	MS. STROUD: And the final item in the
8	record as of the date of the prehearing
9	conference was the Office of Campaign Finance
10	brief in opposition to the Petitioner's request
11	for a hearing de novo. And that was filed on
12	November 21st, 2022.
13	(Whereupon, the above-referred to document was
14	marked as Board's Exhibit No. 12 for
15	identification.)
16	MS. STROUD: The parties did not
17	indicate during the prehearing conference that
18	any items were omitted. And that was pretty much
19	what we went over during the prehearing
20	conference.
21	We also provided notice of today's
22	hearing to the parties and published notice of

	the today's hearing on the Board's website, in
2	conformance with the Open Meetings Act.
3	CHAIR THOMPSON: All right. Thank
4	you. So those are those 12 exhibits, which
5	you just recited, some of which also have
6	exhibits thereto, my understanding is that both
7	sides have stipulated that all those items are
8	entered into evidence for purposes of our Board.
9	And I just want to make sure on the record if
10	that's agreeable.
11	MR. SANFORD: Thank you, Mr. Chairman.
12	CHAIR THOMPSON: Go ahead, Mr.
13	Sanford. Yes.
14	MR. SANFORD: That's correct, Mr.
15	Chair.
16	CHAIR THOMPSON: All right. Mr.
17	Downs?
18	MR. DOWNS: No objection. No
19	objection to those items being a part of the
20	record.
21	CHAIR THOMPSON: Thank you. So all 12
22	of those things, and their various exhibits as

well, are admitted into our record. Appreciate 1 2 that. (Whereupon, the above-referred to documents were 3 received into evidence Board's Exhibits Nos. 1 4 5 through 12.) CHAIR THOMPSON: And of course either 6 side can introduce additional exhibits into the 7 8 record as they may wish during their 9 presentations. 10 So before I turn to opening 11 statements, are there any other motions or 12 procedural matters that either side would like to 13 make at this time? MR. DOWNS: Yes, Mr. Chairman. 14 15 CHAIR THOMPSON: Go ahead. 16 MR. DOWNS: There was -- during the 17 pretrial hearing, there was a discussion of four 18 items that Petitioners would ask to be admitted 19 into the record. I have a copy of those four 20 items for each member of the Board, and of course 21 for Mr. Sanford, although I've sent them to him

electronically as well.

1	May I approach and submit those items?
2	CHAIR THOMPSON: Yeah. We received
3	them and looked at them in digital format. If
4	you have an extra copy, I'd you know, would
5	love one.
6	MR. DOWNS: We do have extra copies.
7	Thank you. May I approach?
8	CHAIR THOMPSON: Yeah. Please, yeah.
9	I'm old school. I like paper copies. Thank you.
10	MR. DOWNS: May I be heard?
11	CHAIR THOMPSON: Yeah. Why don't you
12	go ahead and describe what they are and what your
13	motion is.
14	MR. DOWNS: Yes. So Exhibit
15	Petitioner's Exhibit 1 are Patricia Duncan's
16	answers to the questions that were posed by OCF
17	in the complaint in the complaint related to
18	her matter.
19	(Whereupon, the above-referred to document was
20	marked as Board's Exhibit No. 13 for
21	identification.)
22	MR. DOWNS: Exhibit Number 2 from the

1	Petitioner are Patricia Duncan's it's her
2	affidavit.
3	(Whereupon, the above-referred to document was
4	marked as Board's Exhibit No. 14 for
5	identification.)
6	MR. DOWNS: Exhibit 3, those are
7	Benjamin Bergman's answers to questions that were
8	posed by OCF, and an accompanying affidavit.
9	(Whereupon, the above-referred to document was
LO	marked as Board's Exhibit No. 15 for
L1	identification.)
L2	MR. DOWNS: And Petitioner's Exhibit
L3	4 is a four-page affidavit from Benjamin Bergman.
L <b>4</b>	(Whereupon, the above-referred to document was
L5	marked as Board's Exhibit No. 16 for
L6	identification.)
L7	MR. DOWNS: All of these exhibits, Mr.
L8	Chairman, directly rebut information that is
L9	provided in OCF's order. Specifically, if we
20	look at OCF's order on page 7, page 7 states that
21	this tactic the polls "was employed to

persuading certain candidates to withdraw from the contest." That's page 7 of OCF's order.

Page 9 of OCF's order makes a similar allegation. This tactic was influenced -- excuse me, employed to influence the outcome of the election in Ward 3 by persuading certain candidates to withdraw.

Page 10 is yet another example in OCF's order where a similar allegation but a bit more robust was made, and it says that the poll results were used to persuade candidates to withdraw from the race.

The affidavits, Exhibit -
Petitioner's Exhibits 1 through 4, squarely rebut

those allegations. I can't think of any other

evidence that's more relevant.

The reason I'm specifically mentioning relevance is because during the pretrial conference -- or, excuse me, the prehearing conference, OCF objected to these four exhibits based on their relevance.

We'll talk about the relevancy first.

There's another objection as well.

As it relates to relevancy, Ms.

Duncan's affidavit specifically rebuts the

allegations I just referenced from pages 7, 9,

and 10. Specifically, Ms. Duncan's affidavit

affirms that Ms. Silverman did not encourage or

recommend Ms. Duncan to drop out of the race.

That squarely rebuts pages 7, 9, and 10 of OCF's

order.

Ms. Duncan's affidavit explains that the idea to suspend her campaign was initiated with Ms. Duncan's team and that the decision to do so was her own. She wasn't persuaded by Ms. Silverman. That squarely rebuts the allegations in OCF's order.

And, similarly, Ms. Duncan's affidavit rebuts the -- all of the allegations I just referenced. Mr. Bergman's affidavit does the exact same thing. If you look at page -- excuse me, paragraph number 14 of Mr. Bergman's affidavit, it says, and quote, "At no point in our conversations did Councilmember Silverman

request that I withdraw from the Ward 3 Council race, let alone withdraw and endorse Matt Frumin." Again, that squarely rebuts the allegations on pages 7, 9, and 10, of OCF's order.

These -- this affidavit is clearly relevant. It also mentions -- "it" being the affidavit from Mr. Bergman -- also mentions that he did not discuss or share his decisions to withdraw and endorse Matt Frumin with Councilmember Silverman in advance of doing so, and that's paragraph 20 of his affidavit, again, squarely rebutting the allegations on pages 7, 9, and 10, of OCF's order.

So when it comes to relevancy, members of the Board, these affidavits are clearly relevant.

And I think there's a separate analysis, if the Board is amenable, which I'm happy to stop -- there is a separate analysis as it relates to the answers to OCF's questions.

OCF specifically objected to those

questions based on confidentiality, the purported confidential nature of the answers to their questions.

And we would respond to that objection in three ways. First, the confidentiality provision that was cited by OCF is 3 DCMR 3700.

Notably, that section prevents the Director of Campaign Finance from releasing "records of the Office of Campaign Finance." That's a spin quote.

We're not talking about records of the Office of Campaign Finance. There is nothing in the rule that prevents a private citizen from releasing information that is in his or her control. That's why it's lawful for Ben Bergman and Tricia Duncan to waive any privacy rights and present their information publicly, and that's exactly what Ben Bergman did.

He put his answers to OCF's questions online publicly on Twitter. So as a factual matter, those answers are not confidential. They are not private. They are not in the custody or

the possession of OCF. They're in the public domain. They're publicly available for everyone to see. There is no reason that this Board should not view information that is publicly available based on an objection that is purportedly confidential.

This analysis is similar to a grand jury analysis, for example. So to the extent -- which grand jury testimony is confidential. That is Rule 6E of the Federal Rules of Criminal Procedure.

This analysis is very similar because when you go to -- when a witness goes to the grand jury, of course it's confidential. The Federal Government or the government cannot disclose what happens there without a court order.

But the witness themselves can leave
the grand jury and disclose to anyone publicly
what happened in the grand jury. It happens all
the time. That's why witnesses, after they leave
the grand jury, some of them do press

conferences, because it's lawful for a witness to leave a proceeding that is confidential to the government and go to the public.

Mr. Chair?

CHAIR THOMPSON: Mr. Bergman and Ms. Duncan, are they also going to appear live as witnesses, subject to cross-examination?

MR. DOWNS: They are not going to appear live subject to -- they are not going to appear live. Their affidavits are the -- their affidavits are testimony that we would present. They are not appearing live.

They are -- apparently still having pending investigations. That is information that we learned during the pretrial hearing. That is information that -- and I have been in communication with Ms. Duncan's attorney, and I can proffer to this Board that that is information that was learned during the pretrial conference.

Because there is a live investigation, the answer to the Board -- the Chairman's

question is no, they are not going to be testifying live. We do proffer their affidavits.

CHAIR THOMPSON: So you can represent that both Ms. Duncan and Mr. Bergman waive any confidentiality and are comfortable having both of these affidavits and both of these sets of answers admitted into our record?

MR. DOWNS: I can -- I can say -- I can say yes, both Mr. Bergman and Ms. Duncan are comfortable with the affidavits and the answers to their OCF questions being a part of this record. That is affirmative.

CHAIR THOMPSON: And they do that knowingly, on advice of whatever other counsel they may have, and understanding that these -- these affidavits and these answers, as entered into our record, could possibly be utilized by the OCF perhaps in an incriminating manner with respect to the pending investigation against them?

MR. DOWNS: I can say that I have spoken to counsel for Ms. Duncan, and I can

answer that in the affirmative. Mr. Bergman, to 1 2 my understanding, is not represented by counsel, which is why I have spoken with him as opposed to 3 4 an attorney for Mr. Bergman. 5 I should also represent that Mr. 6 Bergman himself is an attorney. So Mr. Bergman 7 himself understands that he -- by submitting this 8 evidence, it could be used against him. He knows 9 that. So --10 CHAIR THOMPSON: And with respect to 11 the answers to the 20 questions that they each 12 prepared --Yes. 13 MR. DOWNS: 14 CHAIR THOMPSON: -- that's a formal answer that they prepared in the context of the 15 16 separate OCF proceeding, correct? 17 MR. DOWNS: Separate and parallel, 18 meaning the facts are the same, the polls are the 19 same, the allegations that there was some sort of 20 pressure from Ms. Silverman related to the polls 21 CHAIR THOMPSON: Right. -- all of that is the 22 MR. DOWNS:

But to directly answer your question, 1 same. 2 there is a different case number associated with They're parallel, but different 3 those matters. 4 case numbers. Yes. 5 CHAIR THOMPSON: And the two affidavits, they each intentionally prepared 6 7 those for the purpose of today's proceedings. 8 MR. DOWNS: Correct. 9 CHAIR THOMPSON: So that exhibits -by preparing an affidavit specifically for this 10 proceeding, that seems to indicate their consent 11 12 and their comfort with those affidavits being 13 admitted into evidence, and I would note for the 14 record both affidavits obviously reference the 20 15 answers to the questions as well. 16 MR. DOWNS: Yes. Yes, Mr. Chairman. Okay. All right. 17 CHAIR THOMPSON: 18 Okay. Mr. Sanford? 19 MR. SANFORD: Thank you, Mr. Chairman. 20 First of all, the Office of Campaign Finance --21 CHAIR THOMPSON: Maybe -- is your mic 22 on? Maybe lean into it a little bit.

MR. SANFORD: Can you hear me?
CHAIR THOMPSON: Yeah.

MR. SANFORD: All right. The Office of Campaign Finance has expressed its objection to the admission of those documents for reasons of confidentiality. But greater than that, because they have no value regarding this hearing.

The OCF did not find that the

Councilmember persuaded Ms. Duncan or Mr. Bergman
to withdraw. That was not one of our findings.

That was a comment in the order but not a
finding.

The purpose of this hearing today is to determine whether or not the expenditures on two polls in the Ward 3 Democratic primary were appropriate. These witnesses in their affidavits cannot address those findings. So they have no value in this hearing, and they should not be admitted.

Counsel for Ms. Silverman has represented that he can represent the interests

of both Ms. Duncan and Mr. Bergman. He is not qualified to do that because he is not their counsel. And he is not in a position to place them in a position of potential jeopardy regarding a pending investigation.

These investigative matters are still open. And if there are contradictions or prior inconsistent statements, Ms. Duncan and Mr. Bergman could be held accountable for that. And counsel for Ms. Silverman is not in a position to say that they should be -- they should take that risk.

So, essentially, I mean, the true issue here is that they bring no value to this proceeding. The proceeding is about inappropriate expenditures. Those were our findings. These affidavits, these questions, do not address those findings. And, therefore, they should not be admitted.

CHAIR THOMPSON: Okay. Thank you so much. Anything else, Mr. Downs?

22 MR. DOWNS: No, Mr. Chairman.

CHAIR THOMPSON: Okay. All right.

Well, I certainly understand the issues. I will note for the record, with respect to the confidentiality aspect of this, that the two affidavits are signed by Ms. Duncan and Mr.

Bergman. They are signed under oath. They are specifically prepared for this proceeding. They reference this proceeding's docket number, OCF 2022-FI-006.

They were submitted through Mr. Downs to be entered into evidence here, clearly understanding that they would -- they might be.

And both of the affidavits reference the 20 question and answers that are submitted separately in a separate proceeding.

So I'm satisfied that both Ms. Downs and Mr. Bergman understand and are -- and are knowingly submitting their affidavits for this proceeding.

With respect to relevance, since the OCF found there was no violation of coordination between the campaigns, certainly the substantive

testimony is far less relevant than it would be otherwise. I mean, I just heard counsel agree that there was no attempt to unduly influence them to withdraw from the Ward 3 race and that they did not make their decision because of a phone call or any communication, which their affidavits speak to.

Nevertheless, the substance of what they're saying in their affidavits is I think inextricably intertwined with the purpose side of the case, that -- the idea that taking the Ward 3 poll served no purpose relating to Councilmember Silverman's at-large campaign, but rather served a purpose of trying to interfere in or affect the outcome of the Ward 3 race.

And so it's that aspect of the alleged mispurpose where these communications become relevant. I'm -- you know, I'm not saying they're determinative. They're not -- you know, they don't decide the issue, but it's just something for us I think to weigh amidst all of the other evidence.

And I will note also for the record that some of them -- something that, really, in my mind anyway counts against putting much weight on the two affidavits and the 20 questions and answers is that neither witness is available and subject to cross-examination.

And in a federal court anyway, I think that would be clear grounds for inadmissibility. You can't just submit an affidavit and not tender a witness for cross-examination, unless they are "unavailable" within the meaning of the federal rules. And here they're not unavailable, they're just choosing not to appear. So if this were federal court, they would be I think inadmissible.

However, our rules of evidence and procedure clearly say in many different places we are not that strict, as under the federal rules, and that we have the leeway to waive or relax rules of evidence and take in evidence for what it's worth.

So we'll admit the four items that are

1 submitted into evidence, and we'll just assign 2 them Exhibits 13, 14, 15, and 16, since we already went through 1 through 12, instead of the 3 four that you recited. 4 5 So those are admitted into evidence 6 for what they're worth, and, you know, you can each refer to them in your respective arguments 7 8 and statements as you wish. 9 (Whereupon, the above-referred to documents were received into evidence Board's Exhibits Nos. 13 10 11 through 16.) 12 CHAIR THOMPSON: So any other motions 13 or procedural matters? 14 MR. DOWNS: None from the Petitioners. 15 Thank you. 16 CHAIR THOMPSON: Okay. All right. So 17 why don't we proceed, then, with opening 18 statements. I'll start with Mr. Sanford, since he carries the burden of proof. And you can take 19 20 -- how long do you think you need? 21 MR. SANFORD: Five minutes. Five minutes. 22 CHAIR THOMPSON: All

right. We'll time you for good measure, but we 1 2 won't stick to strict time limits, if you need six. 3 4 MR. SANFORD: All right. Thank you, 5 Mr. Chairman. All right. 6 CHAIR THOMPSON: MR. SANFORD: Good morning again, Mr. 7 8 Chairman, distinguished Board Members Gill and 9 Greenfield. May it please this honorable Board, I 10 11 am William Sanford with the Office of Campaign 12 Finance General Counsel. Title 3, subsection 3709.11, of the 13 District of Columbia rules for elections provide 14 15 that any party adversely affected by any order of 16 the director may obtain review of the order by 17 filing, with the Board of Elections, a request 18 for a hearing de novo. 19 The order -- the Petitioners are 20 requesting that the Board reverse the order 21 issued by the Office of Campaign Finance on the

27th of October 2022, in which the Office of

Campaign Finance found that Ms. Silverman, the Elissa for D.C. principal campaign committee, and candidate Elissa Silverman, violated the following provisions of Title 3 DCMR, subsection 3013.1, which states campaign funds may be used solely for the purpose of financing directly or indirectly the election campaign of a candidate, and subsection 4209.6, which states fair elections program funds may not be used for any expenditure or any purpose other than the furtherance of the participating candidate's nomination or election, and any expenditure in violation of any law.

The Office of Campaign Finance will demonstrate during this proceeding that the findings that the Petitioner -- the funds that the Petitioner expended on the two polls related to the Democratic primary in Ward 3 were not expended in furtherance of Candidate Silverman's at-large reelection campaign, that the findings are irrefutable, and that the Petitioners should be required to reimburse the Fair Elections Fund

for those expenditures.

The Office of Campaign Finance,

pursuant to a complaint filed by Mr. Karim

Marshall, conducted a complete investigation and

determined that those two polls were not remotely

related to the campaign of Councilmember

Silverman for the at-large position, which was on

the ballot in November of 2022, and those polls

were specifically conducted for the Democratic

primary in Ward 3, which was being conducted on

the 21st of June 2022.

It is important to note that

Councilmember Silverman was not a candidate in

that primary, nor is she affiliated with the

Democratic party. So there was no nexus between

the poll and her aspiration for reelection on

November 8.

And that is -- we will stop here.

CHAIR THOMPSON: Okay. Thank you so

Mr. Downs?

MR. DOWNS: Yes. Thank you, Mr.

much.

Chairman, and I'll be five minutes as well, Ms. Stroud.

So members of the Board, this is a case about making an informed decision.

Councilmember Silverman needed to make an informed decision about an endorsement. She needed to make an informed decision about an endorsement in a ward that is historically and uniquely important to her own reelection efforts, and she needed to make an informed decision about the efficacy of a less expensive automated poll.

Now, taking a step back, members of the Board, this is a unique matter where the substantive evidence, as opposed to the arguments of the lawyers, but the substantive evidence is actually uncontroverted. There is not going to be any substantive evidence that contradicts the testimony or the evidence that we are about to discuss.

You won't see any documents that contradict the evidence that we're going to discuss. There won't be any answers from an OCF

investigation that contradict the evidence that we're going to discuss because there is no such contradictory information.

Now, this -- you will learn from

Councilmember Silverman's answers that are not

controverted -- and your personal experience -
that D.C. of course is a very large Democratic

jurisdiction. It's heavily made up of Democrats.

That's important because in the ward -- at-large

races, Democrats typically receive more votes

than other candidates, but that hasn't been the

case in Ward 3.

Specifically, in the 2014 and 2018
elections, Councilmember Silverman, as an
Independent, received more votes than her
Democratic challenger. That means Ward 3 is
uniquely and historically important to
Councilmember Silverman's own reelection efforts.
There is no evidence to the contrary because no
contradictory evidence exists.

A few days before the Ward 3 -- excuse me, before Memorial Day 2022, Patricia Duncan and

Benjamin Bergman, candidates for Ward 3, each asked Councilmember Silverman for an endorsement. Because of how important and uniquely important Ward 3 is to Councilmember Silverman's own electoral efforts, substantial vetting was necessary.

Now, Ms. Silverman could not endorse a candidate that lost because that would hurt her own reelection efforts. She couldn't endorse a candidate that was not aligned with her politically, aligned with her interests, aligned with her objectives, because that would undermine her efforts in Ward 3.

Councilmember needed to -Councilmember Silverman needed to make an
informed decision related to her Ward 3
endorsement.

Further complicating the Ward 3
endorsement is a special interest group,

Democrats for Education Reform, also known as

DFER. DFER and Councilmember Silverman, there is
no love lost between the two of those

organizations. Councilmember Silverman, in 2020, endorsed -- or, excuse me, supported a candidate that was opposing a DFER-backed candidate. There is no love lost between the two of them.

Also, DFER raises money from groups and constituents that are aligned with

Councilmember Silverman's opponents. And then further complicating the matter is that right after Mr. Bergman and Ms. Duncan asked for Councilmember Silverman's endorsement, there was a Washington Post article that mentioned that DFER was spending large sums of money in the Ward 3 election.

If DFER took hold in Ward 3, if they gained momentum in Ward 3, that would be antithetical to Councilmember Silverman's own electoral efforts, because Ward 3 is historically and uniquely important to Councilmember Silverman's own efforts.

There is no dispute there. There is no evidence to the contrary. Councilmember Silverman needed to make an informed endorsement

related to Ward 3.

Also, this was an opportunity for Councilmember Silverman to test a new polling method that was substantially less expensive than other traditional methods. For example, the Amplify poll cost \$1,200 for five races, including the at-large race, which is fatal to OCF's case. Fatal. Because that poll included the at-large race. That was \$1,200.

Another poll similarly would have cost \$25,000. That was Target Smart. So this was an opportunity for Councilmember Silverman to test a less expensive poll, so she can make an informed decision about whether that less expensive poll was actually effective.

So when you're considering whether this -- whether these polls directly or indirectly fostered her own campaign elections chance, we're going to ask you to make the only fair decision that is consistent with the undisputed evidence and the lack of evidence in this case, and that is a decision to reverse

1 OCF's order. 2 Thank you. 3 MR. SANFORD: May I respond, Mr. Or shall we --4 Chairman? 5 CHAIR THOMPSON: Yeah. Why don't we 6 proceed with your case in chief. 7 MR. SANFORD: I will, but really --8 CHAIR THOMPSON: Yeah. Please go 9 ahead. Take a minute or two. MR. SANFORD: Councilmember Silverman 10 11 is a Councilmember at large. City-wide 12 elections, she has been successful on two prior occasions. Still, quite frankly, I don't 13 14 understand the argument that only Ward 3 was 15 important to her because she has represented the 16 entire District for eight years. So that 17 argument falls flat and comes up short. 18 She was not on the ballot until 19 November, and the regulations require that there is a direct or indirect connection with 20 21 expenditures to the campaign. It does not

suggest that there must be an abstract

connection, which counsel has indicated, because depending on the outcome of Ward 3 she might fail -- the regs do not suggest that. The regs say direct or indirect. And there was no direct connection here, and no matter how they attempt to spin it, they can never show that there was a direct connection here.

And, reportedly, she wanted to test a new polling device. Well, testing is not a justification for an expenditure, and it does not show a direct connection to the campaign's goals.

And I will proceed with the remainder of my case.

CHAIR THOMPSON: Thank you so much.

So opening statements being concluded, we'll turn

now to --

MR. SANFORD: Thank you.

CHAIR THOMPSON: -- OCF's case in chief. And you're entitled to call witnesses or enter any additional exhibits into evidence or otherwise, if -- or you just -- you can make your own lawyerly presentation as well. What's your

plan?

MR. SANFORD: We do not have any witnesses. We have, we believe, laid out in our brief the position of the Office of Campaign Finance, demonstrates that there is irrefutable evidence that there was no connection to those polls, and the Councilmember's aspirations as an at-large candidate in the November 8 general election.

The petitions -- the Petitioner's activity was clearly in violation of the regulations that implement the Campaign Finance Act. The Petitioner, in their own words, has indicated on more than one occasion that she commissioned a poll that was related to a primary election in which she was not a candidate, that was conducted for a party in which she is not a member, and she paid for it out of Fair Elections Funds.

Now, despite the fact that we might have concluded that there -- we could not find coordination, clearly there was suggestion and

nuance between the Councilmember and two members of -- two candidates in the Ward 3 Democratic primary who withdrew shortly before the election, after both -- after they had received a combined amount of over \$300,000 in public funds.

To say that Councilmember Silverman did not play a role in that I think is inaccurate. And the reason why she -Councilmember Silverman indicated in a response to a question that after she received the results of the poll, she discussed those results with Mr. Bergman and Ms. Duncan.

She called them both. She informed them that she would not be endorsing them, but she talked to them about vote splitting. That is a nuanced way of communicating that they might want to consider withdrawing. And, actually, they did.

The regs are pretty clear. I think the evidence and the facts are clear here, and there is no way that Councilmember Silverman has ever demonstrated that she, in paying for those

polls, supported her aspirations as an at-large 1 2 candidate in the November 8. Her name was not mentioned in the polls. DFER was not mentioned 3 in the polls. And the polls did not include any 4 5 questions regarding what the aspirations of the residents of Ward 3 might have considered 6 7 important. 8 The polls were conducted, and even 9 counsel's reference to the at-large question in the Amplify, it was an at-large Democratic race. 10 It did not mention Councilmember Silverman as an 11 12 at-large Independent. 13 And, in addition --14 CHAIR THOMPSON: Can I interrupt and 15 ask a --16 MR. SANFORD: Yes. 17 CHAIR THOMPSON: -- question or two? 18 MR. SANFORD: Of course. 19 CHAIR THOMPSON: Is this a good time? 20 MR. SANFORD: If I could make one 21 other point. 22 CHAIR THOMPSON: Oh, please go ahead.

MR. SANFORD: In addition, only

Democrats were polled. No Republicans were

polled in that poll. No Independents were polled

in that poll. And no Statehood Green Party

members were polled. Only Democrats. So the

poll was designed to use as leverage in the

Democratic primary to support whomever

Councilmember Silverman believed had the best

chance of defeating the candidate she refers to

as being supported by the DFER.

I'll take your question.

CHAIR THOMPSON: All right. So here's the big question. Going back to the October 7th, 2022, answers, I think it was question number 2, the answer to question number 2, they set forth the three reasons.

Those three reasons were briefed a couple of times, and Mr. Downs just recited them again today in his opening statement; namely, that Elissa for D.C., in conducting that polling of the Ward 3 Democratic primary, did have three purposes relating to her at-large campaign.

Namely, number 1, she wanted to be sure to endorse the winning Ward 3 progressive candidate that would tie best into her base of progressive support in Ward 3 for the general election. That's my rephrasing of it.

Number 2, she wanted to back the candidate that would defeat the DFER-backed candidate, knowing that DFER would be funding candidates opposed to her in the general election.

And, number 3, she wanted to test the usefulness of a cheaper automated polling service. I believe those three reasons are uncontradicted in the record, so I guess the big question to you is, why didn't you address those in the original OCF order? Or, in any event, why do you discount those? Why do you disbelieve those three reasons?

MR. SANFORD: Because those are abstract connections to the campaign. The regulation is clear. They do not talk about an - they talk about directly or indirectly

supporting a campaign. No matter how you look at those responses, they do not directly or indirectly support.

How would that determine Councilmember Silverman's outcome in the general election on November 8th because of those three reasons in a Ward 3 Democratic primary? Does that endear with the residents of Ward 3?

Well, if that was her concern, not only Democrats were going to vote when she is on the ballot. Republicans are going to vote,

Independents were going to vote, and Statehood

Green Party members are going to vote. So to concentrate specifically on the Democratic members of the Ward 3 is an abstract connection to --

CHAIR THOMPSON: So let me press the question. Elissa for D.C.'s campaign has explained this. They have said that Elissa Silverman has always had a strong base of support in Ward 3, especially among progressive voters, and that she needed to align herself, like an

overlapping Venn diagram circle, with the Ward 3 progressive candidate that draws on that same base of support.

or five progressive candidates in a Democratic primary, and she has explained "I wanted to be sure and endorse the one that could win," so that it would align her with that progressive voting base in Ward 4 and ultimately also in the context of defeating the DFER candidate, give her the most momentum, and allow her to draw out the most support among Ward 3 progressive voters in the at-large campaign.

That seems to be her judgment and the judgment of her campaign team, that by endorsing the right progressive candidate, who turned out to be Matt Frumin, that this would -- this would lead into a -- the best way to maximize the votes she would in turn receive in the at-large race.

I mean, that's -- on its face makes sense. It takes a little bit of I guess knowledge of how campaigns work and how things

are interconnected, but it -- on its face, it makes sense. What -- why -- I guess I'm struggling with, why do you -- why do you, in the absence of any evidence, on your own just deem that to be unpersuasive?

MR. SANFORD: Well, to me, I'm struggling with how it makes sense when one is running city-wide, because I doubt that Silverman would say that she was only concerned about Ward 3, and she is running as an at-large candidate for the entire city.

So it doesn't quite add up to me, because I don't see the direct connection to her ultimate goal, which was to be reelected in November. And, quite frankly, one of the polls actually indicated that Ms. Duncan was in second place.

And so -- but Ms. Silverman chose to not to endorse her, to endorse Mr. Frumin. So it's inconsistent reasoning here.

And I think -- but, more importantly, what the people in Ward 3 want is for her to

determine who should represent Ward 3, or is it for the voters in Ward 3 to make that determination?

CHAIR THOMPSON: Let me ask you a hypothetical. Let's say it's a future campaign for mayor or any city-wide election, but I'll just use the mayor as an example. And this -- a person running for mayor is also looking at a crowded field of candidates in a particular ward, just, you know, say it's Ward 4.

And the mayor is not sure who to endorse in that race, but wants to -- this mayor -- mayoral candidate is not sure who to endorse that race, but basically wants to stand beside whoever is going to win, whoever is the most popular.

So, in that hypothetical, could the mayor running for a city-wide seat decide to conduct polling of a ward-level race like that, inform that endorsement decision?

MR. SANFORD: And if the mayor took that position, the Office of Campaign Finance

would take the same position we have taken today.

That's an abstract connection to advising her

campaign, and the regulations are

straightforward. There is no ambiguity.

It says it must be a direct or indirect connection to the campaign.

MEMBER GILL: Mr. Chairman?

CHAIR THOMPSON: Yes.

MEMBER GILL: Mr. Sanford, so that the

-- the indirect part of this is what gets

difficult I guess. But just earlier you objected

to the affidavits because they weren't relevant.

But in your brief of the case, you referred to

those conversations.

I guess at what point -- at what point was the violation? Was the violation when the poll was commissioned? Would using fair -- the campaign -- the fair -- why can't I think of the name off the top of my head? The public funds.

When the poll was commissioned and the funds were spent, was the violation? Knowing the parameters of the questions and such, because if

-- if that's the violation, that there was no direct or indirect nexus with Councilmember Silverman's campaign, then everything else is irrelevant.

But if the results of that poll and how it was conveyed are relevant, then you start to see an indirect connection. So I guess just at what point was the violation? Was the violation --

MR. SANFORD: Let me just find it.

MEMBER GILL: -- the results of the polls and the discussions, or was the violation the poll had nothing to do with her; therefore, it was a violation?

MR. SANFORD: The violation was the poll -- the polls that were not connected to her campaign. And that's what we found. We found that if you -- if you read the order, it only references those two requirements, those two parts of the regulation.

And let me just say this. Even if the candidates had not withdrawn, it would have still

been a violation because the poll was the violation. Using campaign funds for a poll that's not related to the Silverman campaign.

Those were -- that's the violation.

CHAIR THOMPSON: Yeah. That seems to be an important question and answer that draws out what I think you're saying. I think you're arguing that it is -- it's a per se or automatic violation for a city-wide candidate to conduct a poll of a ward-specific race. Just conducting the poll is --

MR. SANFORD: Conduct a poll that's not related to his or her campaign. That's not directly or indirectly related to his or her campaign.

CHAIR THOMPSON: And are you saying that a -- if a city-wide candidate conducts a poll of a ward-level race, that that automatically is going to be deemed to be unrelated? Or could it -- could there be circumstances where the city-wide candidate --

MR. SANFORD: I'm saying the --

CHAIR THOMPSON: -- has a reason?

MR. SANFORD: What I'm saying is they have the burden of demonstrating that there's a relationship, that there is a nexus. And it has not been demonstrated in this case.

MEMBER GILL: So the -- I don't want to beat a dead horse here, but for the purposes of examples, a mayoral candidate conducts a poll in Ward 5 in some future race about Ward 5 views on bike lanes. And it has nothing to do with -- it doesn't mention the mayor.

It doesn't mention any other candidates. It's just simply about whether they are in favor or not in favor of bike lanes. Is that a -- and I know all the hypotheticals are horrible, and if I was on your side, I'd say these are hypotheticals, but --

MR. SANFORD: That's an issues-based poll. And, see, the issue -- the problem with this one, there was no issue, no advocacy issue, voting rights for the District of Columbia. We have found in the past that that's an acceptable

expenditure of funds.

CHAIR THOMPSON: Why could you take -why could an at-large -- I mean, a city-wide
candidate take a poll of only a certain ward with
regard to an issue as opposed to a poll of the
candidates in that ward who each represent their
own range of issues and values and positions?

MR. SANFORD: Because that's not an issue-based poll. This is a poll to size up candidates which does not relate to the aspirations of the campaign of the city-wide candidate.

The outcome of a race in Ward 3 did not determine how Councilmember Silverman was going to fare in the November election. There was never a connection there. So despite the fact that she used fair elections funds to conduct -- to pay for those polls --

CHAIR THOMPSON: We also have a vagueness or a slippery slope argument here that, you know, on the one hand, obviously, if you use campaign funds for a personal use, like a

vacation, you know, that's obviously an improper purpose of an expenditure.

But once you're in this zone of a candidate and her or his campaign's team, they're making a decision based on their expertise, what do they want to do to win, what information do they need to figure out how to win.

So they make a decision and they spend some money, maybe on a poll, maybe on, you know, any number of things. Going forward, how are these campaigns supposed to know when their expenditure is going to be deemed to be directly or indirectly related to that campaign purpose as opposed to be deemed to be unrelated to a campaign purpose?

Isn't this going to create a lot of fuzziness? And isn't this going to leave -- just as an aside, as a digression, the point was made, wouldn't this lead to complaints being filed for campaign violations and then campaign literature being peppered with, you know, how so-and-so is under, you know, investigation, et cetera?

Like how do you address this sort of vagueness/slippery slope argument?

MR. SANFORD: We would take the opposite view. Failure to stop this at this point will open the floodgates for all kinds of abuses. We take the opposite view here. I think the regulations are not that complicated. And, quite frankly, this has not happened before.

So if it had been confusing or ambiguous, we would have dealt with this issue on numerous prior occasions. However, if it does not stop here, I can guarantee you we will see it in the future.

MEMBER GREENFIELD: I've got a question, because we understand it's an at large position, and it's city wide, and I assume campaigns look city wide at the wards, and at the ward that their candidate's in, and we all know that certain wards will vote higher for certain candidates, and some lower.

And what is -- if a campaign decides

I only want to poll certain wards, because I know

that's where I'll pull most of my votes, so I want to make sure what's going on there, you're saying that as an at large candidate, would that be a problem? If I'm running for at large, and decide I only want to poll Wards One, and Two, because that's where I seem to get heavier votes, so I want to make sure that that occurs.

Are you saying that that, because I'm running for at large, that creates an issue?

MR. SANFORD: I'm saying, but if it relates to your campaign, and thank you for asking that question, these polls did not -- Council Member Silverman was never mentioned in any of the polls. An at large candidate trying to determine how he, or she might fair in an election, and they put themselves before the people being polled, that is at least an indirect connection to the campaign.

In this case, Council Member Silverman was never mentioned, DFER was never mentioned, and only democrats were polled.

CHAIR THOMPSON: Okay, so we just

threw a bunch of questions at you in the middle 1 2 of your presentation. I will stop here unless 3 MR. SANFORD: 4 the board has further questions. CHAIR THOMPSON: Yeah, I do have one 5 last question for me, it's kind of a straight 6 7 question, just to educate myself perhaps. 8 fine that you imposed, 6000 dollars, and change. 9 Isn't the fine allowed by the regulations limited to 4000 dollars? 10 11 This is not the fine, we MR. SANFORD: 12 are posting reimbursement for the price of the 13 polls, and we're asking that the council, that 14 the Elissa for D.C. campaign reimburse the Fair Elections Fund. It is not a fine, we did not 15 16 impose a fine. 17 CHAIR THOMPSON: All right, that helps 18 me understand, okay. Any other questions? 19 Gill, Ms. Greenfield? Okay, thank you very much, no additional exhibits to enter into the record? 20 21 MR. SANFORD: No Mr. Chairman, no, no additional exhibits. 22

1	CHAIR THOMPSON: Thank you so much.
2	MR. SANFORD: Hopefully my voice will
3	last.
4	CHAIR THOMPSON: All right, turning
5	then to Elissa for D.C., Mr. Downs?
6	MR. DOWNS: Yes, thank you council
7	member. Mr. Chairman, members of the board, we
8	don't have any additional evidence to offer. I
9	don't know if we should go straight into closing
10	argument, but we do not have any additional
11	evidence, we rest on the record as it stands, and
12	we will argue that evidence in closing arguments,
13	so no, we don't have any additional evidence.
14	CHAIR THOMPSON: Do you mind if we
15	throw some questions at you?
16	MR. DOWNS: Of course not.
17	CHAIR THOMPSON: All right, and you
18	don't have to stand, maybe pull the mic up a
19	little closer.
20	MR. DOWNS: Yes Mr. Chairman.
21	CHAIR THOMPSON: So that people on
22	Zoom can hear. So, we just heard Mr. Sanford

basically say that these three reasons are abstract. That it's almost like he's saying they're just kind of made up after the fact to justify something that took place. They're too abstract, how do you respond to that?

MR. DOWNS: I'd respond in two ways.

First, that D.C. law specifically allows for

indirect -- there's a question as to whether, or

not the polls indirectly further Council Member

Silverman's campaigns. We would submit that the

polls directly furthered her campaign interest,

but to the extent that the board would disagree,

D.C. law allows for indirectly supporting Council

Member Silverman's campaign.

An abstract in OCF's words is another way of saying indirect, and that is specifically allowed under D.C. law. As a matter of fact -- that's a matter of law. But as a matter of fact there is no reason to discount Council Member Silverman's allegations. There's been -- OCF had an opportunity to investigate, they had an opportunity to issue subpoenas, to interview

witnesses, to do depositions.

There is no witness that undermines
the three reasons that Council Member Silverman
has provided. There is no text message that
undermines the reasons that she's provided,
there's no evidence what so ever. In fact, there
is information to buttress it in the form of Ben
Bergman's answers. I'll give you one example if
the board would permit me.

And that would be under tab three on the exhibits that I provided, and for the record, that would be Exhibit No. 15. Those are the answers to Ben Bergman's questions from OCF. The very last sentence on page one mentions that she, that's Council Member Silverman, also saw this as an opportunity to try out two polling firms.

The reason I flag just that one statement, is because it was made on June 11th, prior to the filing of a complaint. So, I think that timing is important, because we would submit that Council Member Silverman of course had no reason to lie, she is being forthcoming. But the

timing of that statement was made well before any allegations that she had any motivation to lie, so we would ask that --

CHAIR THOMPSON: Yeah, that's a good point. That kind of preempted my next question, which was when were these three reasons articulated by the Elissa for D.C. campaign? Are these three reasons that were basically thought up after the polling took place, or before the polling took place, did Council Member Silverman, and her team basically sit down, and say you know what, we need to understand the Ward Three race better.

We need to conduct some polling, because we've got to make sure that we pick the right progressive candidate, we've got to make sure we defeat the DFER backed candidate, and we all know what that means for my at large -- I mean I'm just sort of sounding that out. When did that discussion, when were those purposes manifested?

MR. DOWNS: Those purposes were

manifested prior to OCF's investigation.

Specifically when Ben Bergman, and Patricia

Duncan requested an endorsement from Council

Member Silverman. After they came to her, I

think it's important that she didn't go to them,

they came to her asking for an endorsement.

And when they came to her, she knew that she needed to make an informed decision, and that's when the conversation surrounding a poll, or polls began. These justifications were not made up after the OCF investigation began. These justifications arose specifically after Patricia Duncan, and Benjamin Bergman requested an endorsement from Council Member Silverman, and she knew she needed to make a thoughtful endorsement.

CHAIR THOMPSON: And did Candidate
Frumin also request an endorsement?

MR. DOWNS: No, he did not. In fact the first time that Council Member Silverman spoke with Mr. Frumin was when she endorsed him. So, to directly answer the board, no, Mr. Frumin

did not ask for an endorsement.

CHAIR THOMPSON: I guess here's my big question. Why wasn't it enough for Elissa for D.C. just to know the private poll results, and use that information privately to decide to endorse the leading progressive candidate? Which endorsement may in turn have helped influence candidates Duncan, and Bergman to decide to withdraw.

What purpose did it serve for the candidate Silverman to also affirmatively call Duncan, and Bergman, and essentially share the broad level results of the polling, even though not overtly, but maybe implicitly persuading, or nudging them to withdraw?

MR. DOWNS: I appreciate the question, the answer is twofold. First, calling them was a sign of respect for other candidates. I think

Ben Bergman actually mentions that, he does mention that in his answers, that he took the call as a sign of respect, so that he did not learn that Council Member Silverman wasn't

endorsing him from Twitter.

Picking up the phone, and making a personal phone call was sort of respectful to do. During those conversations, Council Member Silverman's answers were specifically tailored to the questions that were asked by Ms. Duncan, and Mr. Bergman respectively. So, they asked questions about why she wasn't endorsing them, and she answered those questions, and as a part of those answers, there was high level.

She didn't go into the specifics of the poll, sort of exactly what the poll said, and what the numbers were, but she gave high level information about why she wasn't endorsing them, and that was related to polling.

CHAIR THOMPSON: I believe this

evidence is in the record, but my understanding

from the answers, and now the affidavits, is that

Council Member Silverman did not expressly

recommend, or lean on either candidate to

withdraw from the race?

MR. DOWNS: That is correct. And that

is specifically mentioned in each of their -- in Mr. Bergman's affidavit, and Ms. Duncan's affidavit.

CHAIR THOMPSON: And each of those candidates, from their affidavits I gleaned this, made their own independent decisions to withdraw in the context of a long, and exhausting campaign for each of them, and in light of other factors that were swirling about at the time?

MR. DOWNS: That is correct, and each of their affidavits specifically says so, so that is correct Mr. Chairman.

CHAIR THOMPSON: This is kind of a rhetorical question, but I think it's important to ask, because I've heard this, or read this in various places. How do you answer certain Ward Three voters who say that the Silverman campaign was meddling in the Ward Three race to try to manipulate, or affect the outcome, how do you respond to that sort of general comment that we've seen out there?

MR. DOWNS: We would respond to that

by saying that Council Member Silverman needed to make an informed decision about who to endorse in the Ward Three race. And she did so, and she needed to make a thoughtful decision. Failing to do so would have cost her votes, and she could have been standing next to someone that lost the election in Ward Three, and that, standing next to the person that lost would hurt her own electoral chances.

And so she wasn't meddling, she was making an informed decision. Her purpose was to make an informed decision about who to endorse in the Ward Three race.

CHAIR THOMPSON: And also, especially for the people on Zoom, this issue of the DFER backed candidate, I mean I get it now, I had to read it like five, or six times, and I didn't know what DFER was before this matter, maybe I'm not paying attention. And I do want to say I don't know if there's anything right, or wrong about being a DFER backed candidate.

It could be a very good thing, DFER

for all I know is a very, obviously thoughtful, and important organization that decides who to back, whoever they want to decide to back. And so I respect that if somebody receives their endorsement, or funding from them, I'm not casting any aspersions on somebody being a DFER backed candidate.

But in the broader context of city wide races, where DFER's financial support plays a role, maybe you could explain more, how that purpose, apart from just who to endorse, but how that purpose was served by conducting the polling.

MR. DOWNS: Yes Mr. Chairman. So, I think as a starting point, as a threshold matter, outside groups, independent expenditures do make up sort of a large part of the money that is spent in D.C. electoral politics. I don't think there's a dispute that outside money, independent expenditures are at play.

And more specifically, in this matter, outside expenditures, specifically in the form of

DFER spent money in order to defeat Council
Member Silverman. It's not a secret that DFER is
not a friend, and not politically aligned with
Council Member Silverman. I agree with the chair
that that doesn't mean just inherently that there
is something nefarious, or evil about DFER, it
doesn't mean that at all.

It means a political reality in the District of Columbia is that DFER opposes Council Member Silverman. And when DFER was spending large sums of money in the Ward Three election, that could influence Ward Three politics. By spending money in Ward Three, by influencing the voters in Ward Three.

Those voters are uniquely, and historically important to Council Member Silverman's own electoral efforts, because that is a ward where Council Member Silverman as an independent, actually garnered more votes than the democratic challengers in 2014, and 2018. She needed to perform strongly in Ward Three, which means that she needed to make sure that

DFER was not having an out sized impact in Ward Three.

CHAIR THOMPSON: And what about Mr.

Sanford's point, that well why didn't the polling
just focus on issues? Why couldn't you sort of
draw out all this information to inform the right
endorsement, and defeat the DFER backed
candidate? Why couldn't that be done by polling
issues, as opposed to just straight up asking
voters who are you going to vote for in the
democratic primary?

MR. DOWNS: I appreciate the question. Questioning about who someone is going to vote for is a proxy for the issues that they care about. One example is -- one example could be if in 2024 if a person supports Donald Trump for the presidency, they could be supporting the issue that January 6th was a hoax. You don't have to ask the question do you support the idea that January 6th is a hoax?

By supporting a specific candidate that advances those ideas, you understand what

the voters were after. Council Member Silverman understood what Ward Three voters were looking for when she understood exactly who they were inclined to support. In other words, the person is a proxy for the issue.

CHAIR THOMPSON: And Mr. Sanford also said when it comes to the slippery slope issue, actually the flood gates would be open the other way. That if this purpose is recognized, a city wide candidate polling a particular ward at least with respect to candidate's names, the flood gates are open, and it could all be subject to abuse. How do you respond to that?

MR. DOWNS: We respectfully disagree. We respectfully submit that the risk is the exact opposite. If we were to stray away from the personal matter test. In other words is an expenditure personal in nature? Which is exactly what OCF's prior guidance relied upon, which is in line with FEC guidance. If we stray from that, and go into a subjective analysis as to what exactly was a particular campaign thinking?

And is going to a parade, is that in furtherance of a campaign? Is ordering pizza for volunteers, is that in furtherance of a campaign? I think that if we get into the subjective beliefs of every single candidate, that will open the floodgates to abuse from opposing candidates filing claims such as the claim that we saw today. That we have here -- excuse me, in the instant case.

CHAIR THOMPSON: And your briefing also articulated some first amendment concerns in this regard?

MR. DOWNS: That is correct, because there would be no guidance as to what exactly is impermissible. The personal matter test is clear. Either an expenditure is related to a campaign, and it's lawful, or it's personal, and it's unlawful. That is a clear test that everyone can wrap their arms around. If we stray from the personal matter test, now the statute would be unclear.

We would have no guidance as to what

expenditures are permissible, and impermissible.

Or which would be unconstitutionally advantaged,

excuse me.

CHAIR THOMPSON: Well, setting aside personal use, surely there could be campaign expenditures that serve no purpose what so ever to that candidate's campaign. Say a candidate, it doesn't benefit, or affect their campaign at all, but they decide to use some of their campaign dollars to help a fellow candidate that they like, or support with their campaign.

Either directly, which you obviously can't do, but some indirect expenditure that is quite clear, it serves no direct, or indirect purpose for that candidate's campaign, but rather this is kind of a behind the door sort of assistance to somebody else, that could happen, right?

MR. DOWNS: Yes, it could, it would be flat out unlawful. And I'm using the word collusion, I think the word under D.C. law is coordination, I think it would be impermissible

So, that would be flat out 1 coordination. 2 unlawful. Well, that's a good 3 CHAIR THOMPSON: 4 point. So, my question really gets to the 5 coordination violation, which was specifically not found here. 6 7 MR. DOWNS: Yes Mr. Chairman. 8 I mean obviously you CHAIR THOMPSON: 9 agree with the broader point that Fair Elections 10 Program funds, these are tax payer dollars, and 11 so the public, perhaps more so than private 12 sources needs to be sure that their money is 13 being used by candidates for purposes relating to 14 that candidate's campaign. 15 MR. DOWNS: That is correct, yes Mr. 16 Chairman, that's correct. 17 CHAIR THOMPSON: All right. Go ahead, 18 Mike Gill. 19 MEMBER GILL: So, just a few questions 20 on the indirect. So, following up on Gary's 21 questions in terms of coordination. I'll try to

paraphrase Office of Campaign Finance, but I

think what bill is articulating is you need a clean precedent here in order to prevent the slippery slope of indirect becoming opening the flood gates. And so what I heard was names on the ballot is important.

So, if a candidate who is paying for the poll is part of the poll, that makes sense. If not, then it would get into the black area, the not gray, but wrong area with the Office of Campaign Finance. You can do issue related, so if it's a bike lane, that's fine, because that's issue related, that doesn't cause a problem.

So, and I think you've answered this, but I'm just going to ask it again. You would agree that the sort of initial allegation here, that the poll was specifically geared towards figuring out who was -- the folks that weren't polling well should drop out of the race. But I'm just saying you would disagree that that was the point of the poll.

And I'm going to make sure I ask this correctly. The problem there is that that, can

you coordinate indirectly, I guess. So, the problem with that outcome is that's coordination with other campaigns, because you conducted a poll for the explicit purpose of deciding who should stay in, who should come out, and that's coordination, is that -- I want to make sure, what I'm getting to here is we all agree if a poll was conducted for that reason, then that would have been a problem.

Not the problem that -- the problem would have been coordination, not that it's an unlawful use of funds. I'm trying to get to the point of what Bill is saying is commissioning a poll without Council Member Silverman's name was the problem. And you guys have now said no, no, here's why, and here's how it's indirectly related, and such.

But could under that same indirect analysis, you say we did this poll because we wanted those people that couldn't win the race, and beat the non-progressive candidate to drop out. Even if you never called anybody, you

simply did the poll, and published it, and didn't call anybody, didn't say anything, didn't reference endorsements.

You just did the poll, and published it. Is that a violation here? It's not coordinating, you didn't talk to anybody, but essentially you're using tax payer funding to get to a purpose. Now, publishing that would have got to the same purpose, because it would have probably encouraged people to drop out if that was going to be one of the factors of them dropping out.

What I'm trying to get to is how do we decide at what point indirect becomes way too vague to enforce? So, if you had simply commissioned the poll, and published the results, would that have been a violation?

MR. DOWNS: I think that would be a -thank you for the question. I think that would
be a substantial deviation from what we have
here, because the purpose was to make an informed
decision related to an endorsement. I understand

your question to be to take away that purpose.

To mean that there was no endorsement question,

there was no purpose for an endorsement.

I think if you strip away Council

Member Silverman's purpose specifically related
to an endorsement, then yes. I think if she has
no purpose that is related to her campaign, if
she's not looking to make an informed decision
related to an endorsement, then now she has no
purpose that is related to her campaign. Because
I don't hear in your -- I don't hear in the board
member's hypothetical that there is a purpose.
So, without a purpose it's --

MEMBER GILL: Right. But it's not personal in that respect either. You could make the case that indirectly, it was more campaign related that personal related by commissioning the poll. Next question, when it comes to issues -- so, if your argument holds, then this was a correct use of the campaign finance dollars because of the indirect value to the Silverman campaign.

Could a candidate use campaign dollars to do push polling in a particular ward? Meaning it's sort of that it's polling, but really you're sort of associating a particular candidate with an unpopular issue, and you're saying Candidate Jones does not support child care funding. Are you more likely to support Candidate Jones knowing this?

If Candidate Jones is not the one paying for this poll, but it indirectly, by sort of knocking down Candidate Jones' numbers, you help somebody else who does support your positions as a candidate, is that indirectly valuable to your campaign?

MR. DOWNS: If I understand the question correctly, that sounds like an in kind contribution. That would be prohibited. I think that's something that was specifically not found here, and --

MEMBER GILL: No, no, absolutely, absolutely not found here. I'm just trying to think about how we keep indirect from being -- so

long as it's not pizza for your friends, how do
we narrow -- I think Gary was looking there,
there has to be campaign related expenditures
that are still not appropriate for tax payer
dollars.

Now, you're right, if it's an in kind contribution, there's a hook there. If it's coordination, there's a hook there. I'm just trying to make sure that -- Bill in my mind offers a very clean dividing line between this. Either the candidate's name is on the poll, or it's issue related, and such like.

This is a gray area, where the candidate's name was not a part of this. Now, and the record states the rationale gets to that indirect value of why the Silverman campaign might want to do this. And that rationale, those people gave those statements prior to this sort of playing out here. But had they -- if they had given statements another way, it still leads to how does this happen next time around?

Two years down the road, and this

indirect term, we're going to have lots of cases where people are going to challenge funding, unless it sort of hits the -- I'm not making these factors Mr. Sanford, but it's -- to me, it becomes really difficult how to manage that. And I'm concerned that the reasons given in this situation sort of make sense to me, and I get Ward Three is unique.

But I worry that how do you then differentiate those reasons from everyone's going to start getting involved in other primaries, and beyond just simply sort of gauging who's got the most momentum at a particular time? You know, you can see all sorts of activity falling into this indirect category. I didn't really give you a question, I'm just speaking out loud.

MR. DOWNS: Yes Mr. Board Member, yes. Unless there's a question, I probably shouldn't try to respond.

CHAIR THOMPSON: Here's a question, and I'll ask this for Mr. Sanford too. Is an endorsement a valid campaign related activity?

MR. DOWNS: Yes, because it can impact the outcome of Ms. Silverman's election, or any candidate's election. So, an endorsement is valid, it's a valid campaign activity because it could impact the outcome of an election.

CHAIR THOMPSON: And to inform the endorsement decision, can a candidate use a poll to help inform herself, or himself?

MR. DOWNS: Yes.

CHAIR THOMPSON: And in using a poll, should it be limited to issues, or can it also be a poll of voter preferences for the candidates in that other race?

MR. DOWNS: I think it can be, and should be either. Depending on the circumstances unique to that particular election, and that particular candidate, and that particular strategy. I don't think that there is a cookie cutter answer as to whether, or not it must be issue based. Whether it must be candidate based, I think it depends.

But to directly answer your question,

yes, you should be able to conduct a poll to make an informed endorsement decision.

CHAIR THOMPSON: All right. Before turning to the OCF's rebuttal, anything else?

Okay, Mr. Sanford, please proceed with your rebuttal.

MR. SANFORD: Thank you Mr. Chairman.

I have several things here. The counsel has indicated that Council Member Silverman conducted the poll to make an informed decision regarding who she would subsequently endorse. Polling is not the only way to do that, to accomplish that.

And quite frankly, after the poll it appeared that the candidate Council Member Silverman opposed was leading in the polls.

So, if her concern was to build the sentiment of the voters in Ward Three, then apparently at that particular point, Mr. Goulet appeared to be the most favored. And so, it wasn't about the sentiments of the voters in Ward Three. It was about Council Member Silverman's own biases regarding who was leading.

Because if you look at our submissions throughout the questions, and answers she provided, she makes numerous references to defeating Eric Goulet. She does not talk about trying to endear herself with the voters in Ward Three, to introduce innovative ideas for those constituents, either in Ward Three, or city wide, but her primary focus was defeating Eric Goulet.

Whom she referred to as the DFER backed candidate. But Democrats for Election Reform actually endorsed Mayor Bowser. They also endorsed Chairman Mendelson. She did not take a poll city wide to discuss with anyone about trying to defeat Chairman Mendelson, or Mayor Bowser.

CHAIR THOMPSON: I think the point is that DFER also endorsed Anita Bonds, and Kenyan McDuffie, Council Member Silverman's direct competitors in the at large race. And I think she's explained that it wasn't just bias, she would not favor, or endorse Mr. Goulet because he's a DFER backed candidate.

She was trying to decide among the remaining mostly progressive candidates which one of those non-DFER candidates should she endorse.

MR. SANFORD: And that's a fine position, honorable position to take. But it does not mean that she had the license to spend campaign funds to conduct the poll to reach that decision.

CHAIR THOMPSON: Well, let me press the same question. Is an endorsement a valid campaign related activity?

MR. SANFORD: Well, we have cited that the regulations indicate that elected officials in the District of Columbia have an opportunity to express their preference on electoral issues, so clearly endorsement is valid.

CHAIR THOMPSON: So, when deciding to make an endorsement, how is a candidate supposed to go about informing herself, or himself about who to endorse? Is it just I'll think about it on my own, about who I -- the positions I like, or can they also engage in some information

gathering? Namely a poll, or something else that might cost money?

Can they spend money on gathering information to help inform that endorsement decision?

MR. SANFORD: Well for many years, and including this election cycle, elected officials have made endorsement. None of them required a poll prior to making an endorsement. There were endorsements in this election cycle, and no one commissioned a poll prior to making it. So, a poll is not essential to an endorsement.

I mean quite frankly I think an elected official probably owes the voters more than just conducting a poll if they're going to make an endorsement.

CHAIR THOMPSON: How do you know that
no city wide candidate, or any city wide office
has ever conducted a poll of a ward level race?

MR. SANFORD: Because they're required

to file reports of receipts, and expenditures.

22 And if, as in this case, it shows up on the

reports of receipts, and expenditures, the audit 1 2 division will send a request for additional information, as was sent to the Council Member 3 4 Silverman's campaign. And they are required to 5 explain how it was campaign related. CHAIR THOMPSON: And that's 6 7 independent of whether somebody files a 8 complaint? 9 MR. SANFORD: Independent of whether anyone files. Our rules require that candidates, 10 11 and committees periodically file reports of 12 receipts, and expenditures. And if things like 13 polls appear on the reports of receipts, and 14 expenditures, automatically, as what happened in 15 this case, a request for additional information 16 is sent to that committee. 17 CHAIR THOMPSON: Is that a search you 18 conducted specifically today, to rule out that 19 any such polling has ever taken place? 20 MR. SANFORD: I couldn't quite --21 CHAIR THOMPSON: I mean you're saying,

you seem to be almost testifying that you can't

recall any polling ever being spotted on a 1 2 candidate's reports. Are you saying that you did a search for this, and you --3 MR. SANFORD: No, I'm saying that I 4 can't recall polling being done to proceed an 5 endorsement, that was the question as I saw it. 6 CHAIR THOMPSON: 7 Okay, sorry, I didn't mean to -- please continue with your rebuttal. 8 9 MR. SANFORD: Actually I'm prepared to 10 just make my closing remarks. 11 MEMBER GILL: So, just one last quick 12 question, because I want to just quickly --13 endorsements are a valid political action. 14 Research for endorsements are a valid political 15 action related to a campaign. Commissioning a 16 poll without the candidate's name on it as a part 17 of that research gets over the line? 18 MR. SANFORD: Yes. 19 MEMBER GILL: Okay. 20 CHAIR THOMPSON: All right. So, we 21 can proceed to closing statements then? Maybe 22 you have some surrebuttal points to make, but I'm

sure you'll work them into your closing statement 1 2 Mr. Downs. 3 MR. DOWNS: Yes. 4 CHAIR THOMPSON: So, Mr. Sanford, why 5 don't you proceed? My closing will be 6 MR. SANFORD: 7 brief, because my voice is starting to fail me at 8 this stage. 9 Do you need some more CHAIR THOMPSON: 10 water? 11 MR. SANFORD: No, I --12 CHAIR THOMPSON: You're okay? 13 MR. SANFORD: I finished one already. 14 We think the facts are clear here. The Elissa 15 for D.C. campaign, and candidate Elissa Silverman 16 commissioned a poll, and paid for it with free 17 election funds, and the poll was not related 18 either directly, or indirectly to the furtherance 19 of the Elissa for D.C. campaign. That's what the 20 rules require. 21 They have not been able to make any 22 connection that demonstrates that there was a

direct, or indirect connection. It is fine to talk about Council Member Silverman's reliance on Ward Three, because she has done well, and she's done better than democrats on occasion, and that is fine, but that does not justify a poll only for Ward Three.

The council member was running at large. I think it would be very dangerous for her politically to say that only Ward Three mattered to her. But that sounds like what we're hearing here. There was no other ward polled, only democrats were polled. Not independents, not republicans, not state or green. So her concentration was only on the democratic primary.

And what's probably more alarming
here, is that Council Member Silverman was one of
the early advocates of the Fair Elections

Program. This would take the fair out of fair
elections if this is allowed. In the future, as
I stated earlier, the flood gates would open, and
candidates will use FEP funds for any whim that
they think is important to them, not to the

voters.

The program has very lofty goals, and we have seen the potential of this dynamic program. In the District of Columbia, even though we were not the first, we have the best public financing program in the country. Our colleagues attended CALGL last week, and they got rave reviews for what we're doing here.

That's why the stakes are so high here. If we allow this kind of behavior to stand, then we see the potential for abuse of this program. This program is too important to the district, to the city, to the citizens, to the voters for anyone to be in a position to abuse it. The board has to make the right decision.

The board can decide whether, or not it will allow this kind of behavior on inappropriate expenditures from the Fair Elections Fund, or even from a traditional program to stand. And we can expect many cases like this in the future. However, if the board

makes it clear that this is unacceptable, it will repel any future attempts to abuse the Fair Elections Program.

And I am certain that the board will make the right decision.

CHAIR THOMPSON: Thank you. Mr.

Downs?

MR. DOWNS: Yes, thank you. As I mentioned at the beginning of this case, this is a case about making an informed decision.

Council Member Silverman conducted the polls at issue to ensure that she made an informed endorsement decision, and that endorsement decision could impact the results of her own election.

OCF has conceded to the board that an endorsement is a valid campaign activity. The board doesn't have to make that decision any longer, OCF has conceded it. The next question is whether, or not a poll could be conducted in order to make an endorsement, and the answer to that question is yes.

The point of remaining disagreement is apparently OCF is asking the board to create a bright line rule that a candidate's name must be in the poll. That is the point of disagreement between OCF, and the petitioners at this point. There is no bright line rule, there is no per se rule. Earlier today, OCF mentioned that they're advocating for a per se rule.

No such per se rule exists in D.C.

law, we would ask the board to decline to create
a per se rule today. The rules in the District
of Columbia as they stand today allow for direct,
or indirect furtherance of a candidate's
campaign, and that's exactly what we have here.
An endorsement directly impacts a candidate's
campaign for the simple fact that if you're
standing next to someone that loses a campaign,
if you endorse the wrong candidate, that can
negatively impact your campaign.

Conversely, endorsing the right candidate, endorsing the candidate that wins directly fosters Council Member Silverman's

campaign interest, because she needed to endorse the candidate, or she wanted to endorse the candidate that had the strongest chance of winning. That could directly impact her own election.

And under the test as it stands today in the District of Columbia, that is a lawful campaign expenditure. I think the federal system provides us some guidance because it is substantially similar to OCF's prior guidance, and that is specifically on page eight of OCF's brief. Confirming that the district's campaign finance law is written in quote broad terms, end quote.

This law at issue, the law that we're talking about today is a broad law. OCF is now asking us to take a narrow view, and that would be in direct contradiction of an OCF prior opinion, and we would ask the board to decline to do so. As it relates to federal law, the irrespective test, the question there is whether fulfilling the commitment, the expenditure that

1 would exist irrespective of the candidate's 2 campaign, that provides instructive guidance here. 3 4 I'm not suggesting it's binding to 5 this board, but instructive to the board, because 6 the expenditures here would not exist but for Council Member Silverman's campaign to be elected 7 8 as an at large council member. So, we would ask 9 the board to take into account federal law as 10 well. We are happy to answer anymore of the 11 board's questions. 12 But at this juncture, we are asking that the board reverse OCF's order, and we're 13 14 happy to answer any other questions. CHAIR THOMPSON: I think we've thrown 15 16 enough questions at all. You have one --17 MR. SANFORD: May I have one 18 surrebuttal point? Very brief. 19 CHAIR THOMPSON: As the party with the 20 burden of proof, I guess you get the last word, 21 go ahead. Thank you very much. 22 MR. SANFORD:

Endorsing the wrong candidate for an office does not determine anything. On prior occasions, the mayor has endorsed a candidate who was competing with Council Member Silverman for an at large position. It did not determine the outcome of anything.

To suggest that one needs to spend polls in a specific ward on a specific contest with a party that one, is not affiliated with to make an informed decision regarding endorsement is not valid. It is an invalid argument, and I am sure that the board will not sanction this behavior.

CHAIR THOMPSON: Okay. Thank you so much for your presentations. We've received into our record, what did I say, 16 exhibits? We've heard your arguments loud, and clear, I think we really get it. We've studied your briefs very closely. All of these exhibits I've read multiple times, maybe in between watching soccer games, but I have definitely taken a deep dive into all of this.

I've learned a lot. We really appreciate you being here, we'll go ahead, and close our record since there's nothing hanging out there for potential additional submission.

Our record is closed. Our rules tell us that we have a quote reasonable time to render our decision, which will also be in writing.

Our habit is to go ahead, and go into executive session, and have our own private deliberation, and usually we come back on the record to issue verbally our determination, and then it's followed up with a written decision several days, or maybe a week, or two hence. So, in a moment I'll move that we retire to executive session.

And I don't know if we can promise to come back today to issue our verbal. Okay, so we'll probably take lunch of course, give ourselves a little time to discuss it, and I don't know if we want to -- we can only ball park a time. But 1:00 p.m., or is that too late? Is 1:00 p.m. okay? All right, we'll ball park 1:00

p.m. to come back on the record, to briefly make our determination.

Don't hold us to it, we may need more time. If that's the case, we'll come back on, and say so, because we may realize we need days to really dive into all this, and continue to discuss it. But if we can, we'll come back at 1:00 p.m., communicate our determination, and then follow that up with a written one.

So, with that I will move that we go into executive session to deliberate upon our decision in this matter. That's under D.C. Code 2-575B. Do I have a second?

MEMBER GREENFIELD: Second.

CHAIR THOMPSON: All in favor?

(Chorus of aye.)

CHAIR THOMPSON: All right, so that concludes our hearing today. Everybody on Zoom out there, thank you so much for listening, we appreciate your participation, and you're welcome to click onto the same Zoom link at 1:00 p.m., if that's when we're ready to make our announcement.

(Whereupon, the above-entitled matter 1 2 went off the record at 11:42 a.m. and resumed at 3 1:05 p.m.) 4 CHAIR THOMPSON: All right, we're 5 going to come back on the record. I'll start with a motion that we go out of executive 6 7 session, and back onto the public record. 8 MEMBER GILL: Second. 9 CHAIR THOMPSON: All in favor? 10 (Chorus of aye.) 11 Okay, welcome back CHAIR THOMPSON: 12 everybody. Counsel for both parties are present 13 here in our boardroom. Also a number of people are on via Zoom. I see Council Member Silverman 14 is present by Zoom as well, thank you for 15 16 returning, thanks for your patience. We've had time to deliberate. 17 18 Before I make a motion, I do want to 19 say for the public's benefit especially, that our 20 board is completely independent. We did not

receive any ex parte communications about this

matter at any time. We didn't even talk to each

21

other about this on the merits before today's hearing. So, we really did come at this independently, open minded.

We obviously reviewed all the evidence, and thought really carefully about it, and we really heard both sides' arguments today. With that, I'll go ahead, and make a motion that our board reverse the OCF order of October 27th, 2022, namely that there were no violations committed by Elissa for D.C. of 3 DCMR 3013.1, or 4209.6.

Full reasons to be sent forth in a written opinion. Before I say anything else, I want to see if there's a second for my motion.

MEMBER GILL: Second.

CHAIR THOMPSON: So, having a second with the motion on the table, I'll just briefly share my thoughts that Elissa for D.C. provided three reasons for having conducted the polling of the Ward Three race. Those reasons are uncontroverted in the record, and they explained that the Ward Three polling that her campaign

conducted, even though of a different race, did serve a purpose directly, or indirectly for her at large campaign.

It's also important to me that the OCF found that there was no coordination with respect to the communications that were made between Council Member Silverman, and two candidates in the Ward Three race. An endorsement decision is obviously a valid campaign related activity, as both sides acknowledged.

And a candidate can spend money to gather information to make an endorsement decision that she, or he best feels best furthers their campaign, including a poll. Here candidates are told that they can spend campaign money, whether it's from the FEP program, or otherwise, on any purpose that serves their campaign directly, or indirectly.

And here we have three reasons, at least in this case to justify the expenditure as being a proper purpose. And that said, the OCF might promulgate regulations that provide future

candidates with bright line rules. But there was certainly nothing here to inform this campaign, or any other, or city wide campaign that spending money for polling of this nature would be per se improper.

And in this case in fact, the only evidence in the record does set forth three reasons why, in the judgement of the Elissa for D.C. campaign, the expenditure was made. So, that's my thinking, and that's why I made the motion, and it's been seconded, and I would ask my fellow board members if they have any comments to make before we call a vote.

MEMBER GILL: Thanks Gary. So, as we sort of saw during the questioning, the concept of a bright line, I think this -- is the poll de facto not permitted because it didn't involve the candidate directly, didn't involve an issue? I would very much like to come to a conclusion that would set a bright line. But the fact remains there isn't a bright line.

And the rationale provided by the

campaign, to me fits. Indirect is a wide gate, and to me, these were indirectly furthering the Silverman campaign, and so based on the record, and the evidence, I'd be hard pressed to sort of stretch, and find a bright line where one doesn't exist. I would second Gary's comments that regulations to this effect may be helpful.

I kept trying to -- I worry when something's vague that you open the flood gates, and now we're going to have sort of further, and further expenditures that are indirectly related to the furtherance of a campaign. And I can think of a few examples, but the fact remains in this example before us now, and the facts before us now, I do think it's within the line of that indirect furtherance of the campaign.

And so I vote to reverse the OCF's decision.

MEMBER GREENFIELD: Yeah, I think that we all agreed that endorsements, or seeking endorsement is part, one of the actions, one of the activities in a campaign. And I did feel

that the Elissa for D.C. campaign, they did -one of the rationale for why they did it was to
determine the endorsement, and they thought it
was an impact.

And I thought that that, whether it meant direct, or not, I thought it meant indirect. And I think if there is indeed a bright line, I don't think you can draw it after the event occurs. I think we need to know what it is, and they need to know what it is. I'm also a little concerned that if we say there's a bright line, that do we no longer mean direct, or indirect?

And that does need to be more promulgated in either regulations, or whatever.

But I felt that the reasons that she gave, they didn't seem to really be refuted, and therefore I didn't see a reason to uphold the order.

CHAIR THOMPSON: All right. With that, just to be clear on the record, I'll call the vote. All in favor of the motion?

22 (Chorus of aye.)

1	CHAIR THOMPSON: So, three to zero,				
2	our decision is made. We'll obviously write				
3	probably an extensive opinion, and release it in				
4	due course. I don't know if it'll be a week, or				
5	two weeks. But we'll get that out for you all,				
6	and the public to see. It's of course subject to				
7	appeal to our D.C. Court of Appeals, just like we				
8	oversee the OCF, the D.C. Court of Appeals				
9	oversees us.				
10	And I believe that concludes the				
11	matter, and our business for today. So, I will				
12	go ahead, and move that we adjourn.				
13	MEMBER GILL: Second.				
14	CHAIR THOMPSON: All in favor of				
15	adjourning?				
16	(Chorus of Aye.)				
17	CHAIR THOMPSON: Thank you all, thanks				
18	everybody on Zoom.				
19	(Whereupon, the above-entitled matter				
20	went off the record at 1:13 p.m.)				
21					
22					

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This is to certify that the foregoing transcript

In the matter of: Special Board Meeting

Before: Board of Elections

Date: 12-12-22

Place: Videoteleconference

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Court Reporter

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